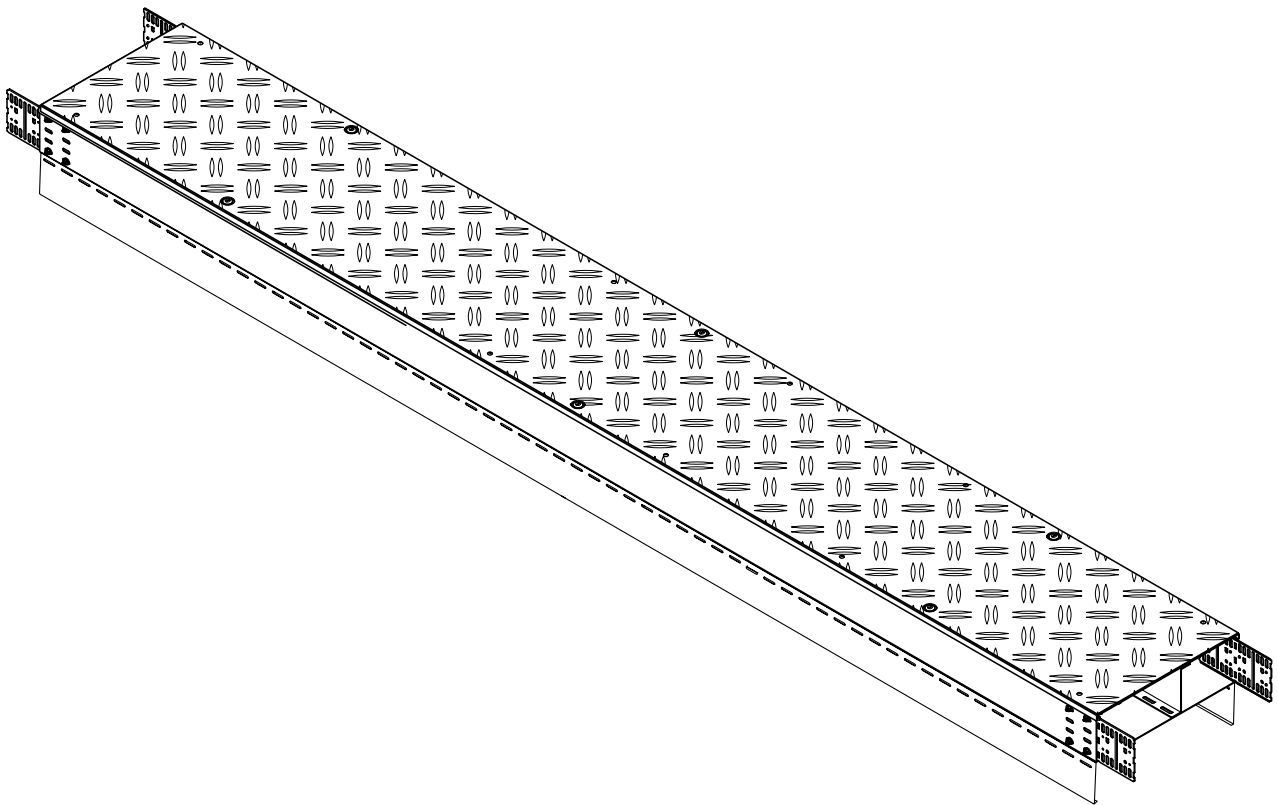


BKRS walkable cable tray systems
Mounting instructions for Porsche AG



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Mounting instructions for Porsche AG

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1 General information

1.1 Target group

These instructions are intended for specialists and/or instructed technical personnel (e.g. engineers, architects, heads of construction and mounting and installation engineers) charged with the installation of the BKRS walkable cable tray system.

1.2 Using these instructions

- These instructions are based on the standards valid at the time of compilation (April 2020).
- Before commencing work, read these instructions through once completely. In particular, please observe the safety instructions.
- Keep all the documents supplied with the BKRS walkable cable tray system safe, so that the information is available should you need it.
- We will not accept any warranty claims for damage caused through non-observance of these instructions.
- Any images are intended merely as examples. Mounting results may look different.

1.3 Types of safety information



Shows a possibly risky situation. If the situation is not avoided, then death or serious injury may result.

Note! *Indicates important information or assistance!*

1.4 Correct use

The BKRS cable tray systems are walkable cable tray systems for direct floor mounting or mounting on support brackets. They are used to install and protect power and data cables in industrial areas.

The BKRS cable tray systems are suitable for use at ambient temperatures of $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+120\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. At temperatures below $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, the metal will become brittle and may not be processed further.

1.5 Basic standards

The walkable BKRS cable tray systems correspond to the standards:

- IEC 61537 – Cable management
- Based on DIN EN 50085-2-2 – Cable trunking systems and cable ducting systems for electrical installations
- DIN EN 50174 – Information technology – Cabling installation (EMC)
- DIN 51130 – Testing of floor coverings – Determination of the anti-slip property – Workrooms and fields of activities with slip danger – Walking method – Ramp test

2 General safety information

Observe the following general safety information on handling the BKRS walkable cable tray systems:

- Protective gloves must be worn during all mechanical mounting work.
- The BKRS walkable cable tray systems must be included in the protection measures and/or the equipotential bonding.
- The inclusion in the equipotential bonding of the overall system must be performed by specialist personnel.

3 Product description

3.1 Product features

The BKRS walkable cable tray systems are characterised by the following product features:

- Two installation options: Direct floor mounting or mounting on support brackets for additional installation space
- Walkable thanks to solid cover
- Cover type DBKR made of strip galvanised chequered sheet steel with increased anti-slip protection: Fastening with flexibly mounted turn buckles in pre-marked break-out openings or fastening with cover clamps
- Walkable and non-slip thanks to chequering
- With bottom perforation for ventilation, as water drainage and for more flexible mounting
- Resistant to dirt and dust through protection plates and dust protection elements
- EMC-compatible separation of power and data cables through barrier strips
- Side heights 100 mm and 110 mm
- Self-supporting, no screwing with machines required

3.2 Product overview

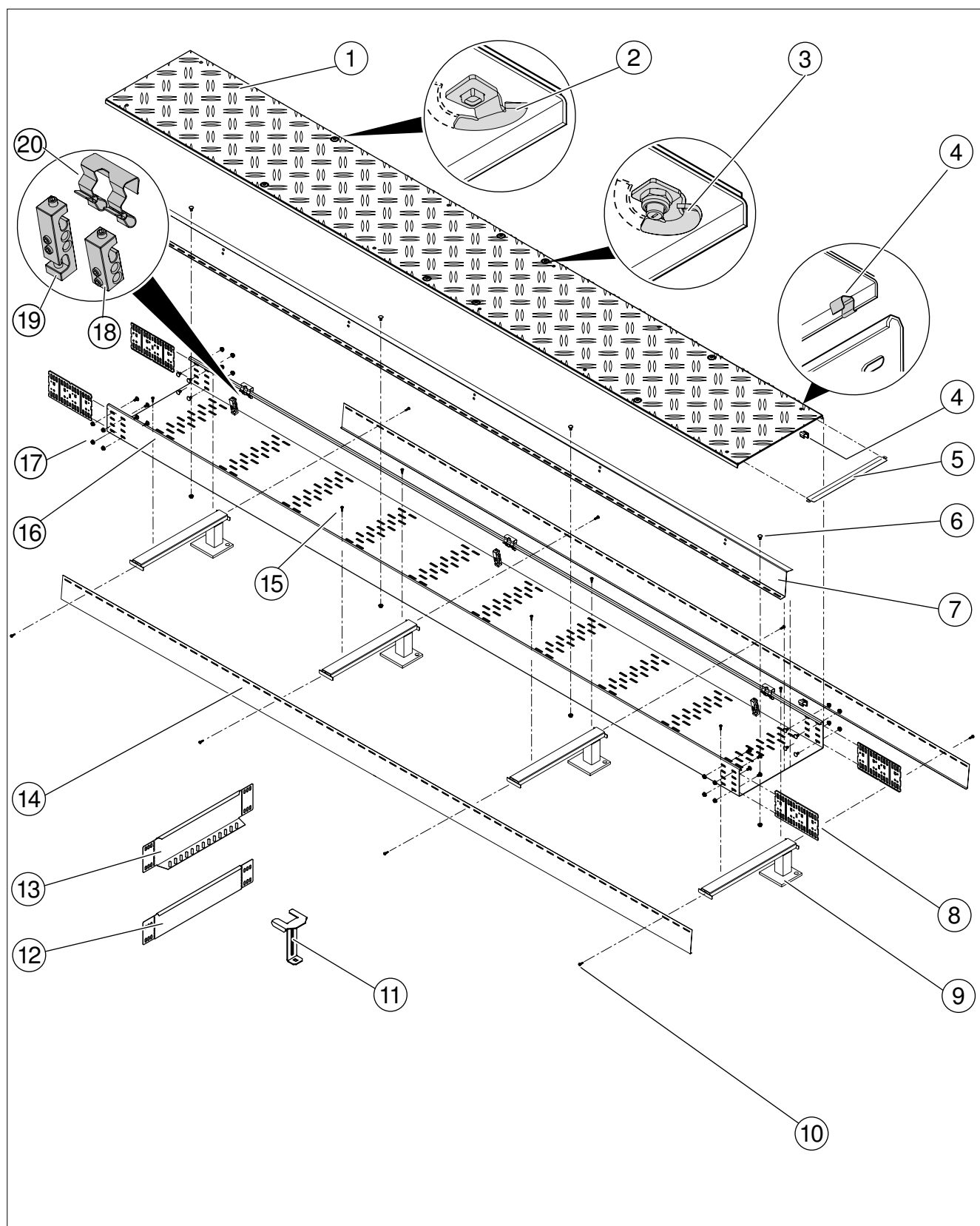


Fig. 1: System components

Item	Designation	Function
①	Cover, type DBKR, with increased slip protection (strip galvanised, chequered sheet steel)	Walkable cover of the cable tray
②	Turn buckle type DRL H FT for break-out openings (for riveting)	Fastening of the cover DBKR to the cable tray
③	Turn buckle type DRL H S A2 for break-out openings (for screw fastening)	Fastening of the cover DBKR to the cable tray
④	Cover clamp DK DBKG	Fastening of the cover DBKR to the cable tray
⑤	Dust protection element	Protection against dust and chips at the cover joints
⑥	Truss-head screw with hexagonal nut	Mounting of barrier strips
⑦	Z-shaped barrier strip	Cover support for cable tray widths of > 200 mm with perforation for the installation of earthing terminals
⑧	Straight and angle connector	Connection of cable trays
⑨	Support bracket type STA	Raised cable tray mounting (enabling additional media to be routed under the cable tray)
⑩	Drilling screw BKS KP	Fastening of the protective panels on cable trays
⑪	Cover support	Support of covers and fitting covers in cross-over areas
⑫	Reducer/end closure 100 mm	Closure of open points, if cable trays of different widths are connected, as well as closure of cable tray ends
⑬	Reducer/end closure 110 mm	
⑭	Protective panel	Side protection of the installations against kicking and dirt
⑮	Drilling screw BKS	Fastening of the cable trays to support brackets or cover supports,
⑯	Cable tray	Acceptance of the power and data cables
⑰	Truss-head screw with hexagonal nut with flange	Connection of the cable trays with straight and angle connectors, reducers/end closures
⑱	Connection terminal, double, for conductor cable	Connection of the cable tray system with the protective equipotential bonding of the overall system
⑲	Connection terminal, single, for conductor cable	
⑳	Clamp spring for conductor cable	

4 Mounting

The cable trays are suitable for mounting on the floor or on support brackets.

The maximum spacing of the support brackets must be 750 mm if the stated load limits are to be achieved (approved loads under "BKRS cable tray" at www.obo.de).

Note! *Depending on the circumstances on the construction site, the sequence of mounting steps for the BKRS walkable tray systems may change!*

4.1 Mounting the support brackets

Note! *When mounting the support brackets, it is helpful to use the bottom perforation of the cable tray.*

The support brackets are screwed to the floor with fire protection screw ties, type MMS-plus 7.5 x 50, or bolt ties, type BZ M10 with washer and nuts.

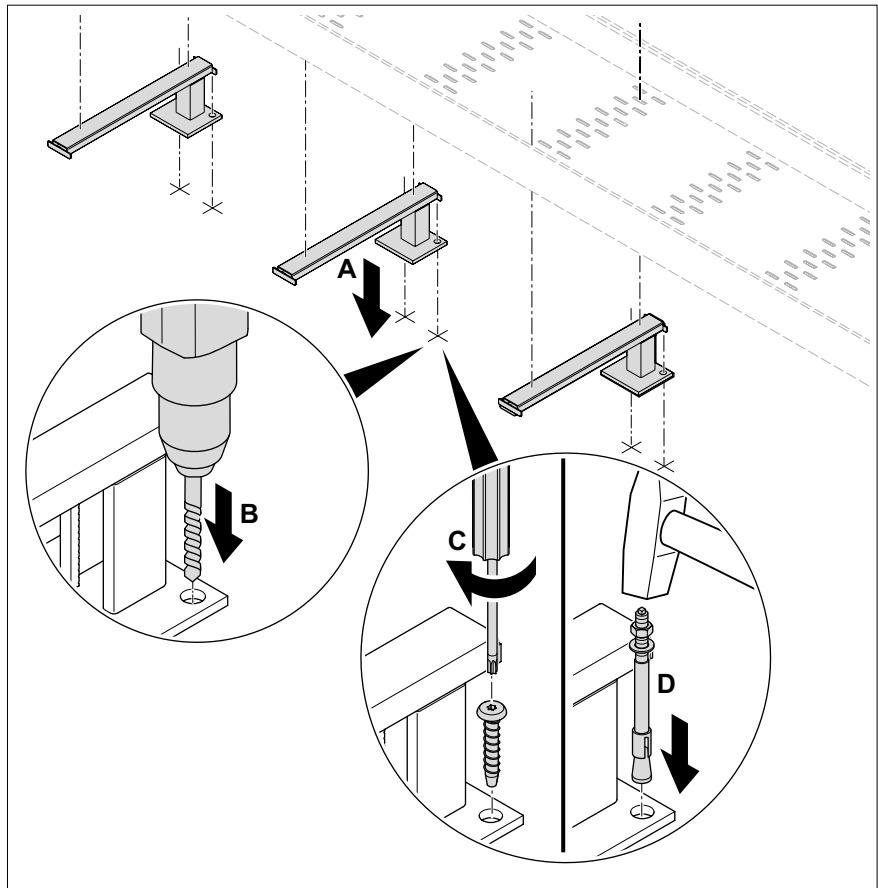


Fig. 2: Mounting of support brackets

1. Align the support brackets so that they are suitable for floor mounting (A).
2. Drill the hole for the screw or bolt tie through the corner hole of the base plate of the support bracket (B).
3. Screw in the screw tie (C) or knock the bolt tie in with a hammer (D) and screw the support bracket tight with a nut.

4.2 Mounting the cable trays

The cable trays can be shortened or extended to any length. If, after shortening the cable trays, slots for further installation are missing, then suitable fastening holes must be drilled in the cable trays.

4.2.1 Mounting the cable trays on support brackets

The cable trays are mounted on the support brackets through the slots in the base of the cable trays with drilling screws and washers.

Note! *Corner connections or cross-overs of cable trays must also be supported with support brackets.*

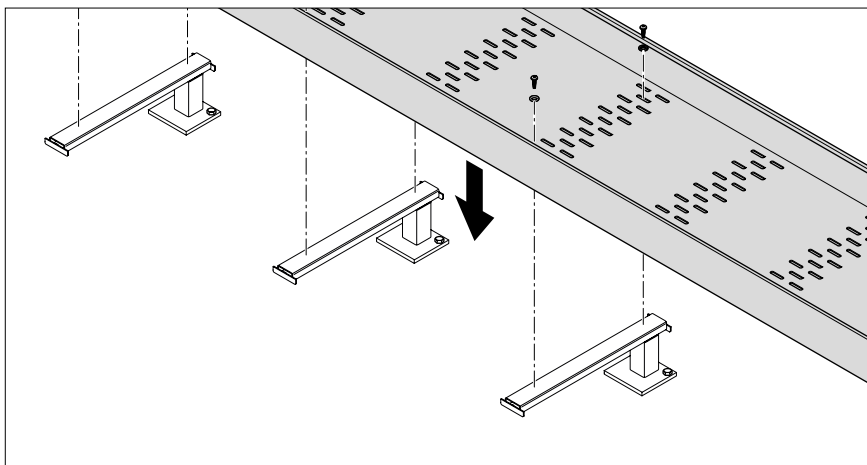


Fig. 3: Mounting on support brackets

1. Mount the cable trays.

4.3 Connecting cable trays

Cable trays are connected using straight and angle connectors.

The straight and angle connectors are screwed to the sides of the cable trays using the supplied fastening material.

Connect the cable trays so that they abut.

Note! *The straight and angle connectors are mounted on the inside. The nuts are screwed on to the outside.*

4.3.1 Connecting cable trays in lengthwise direction

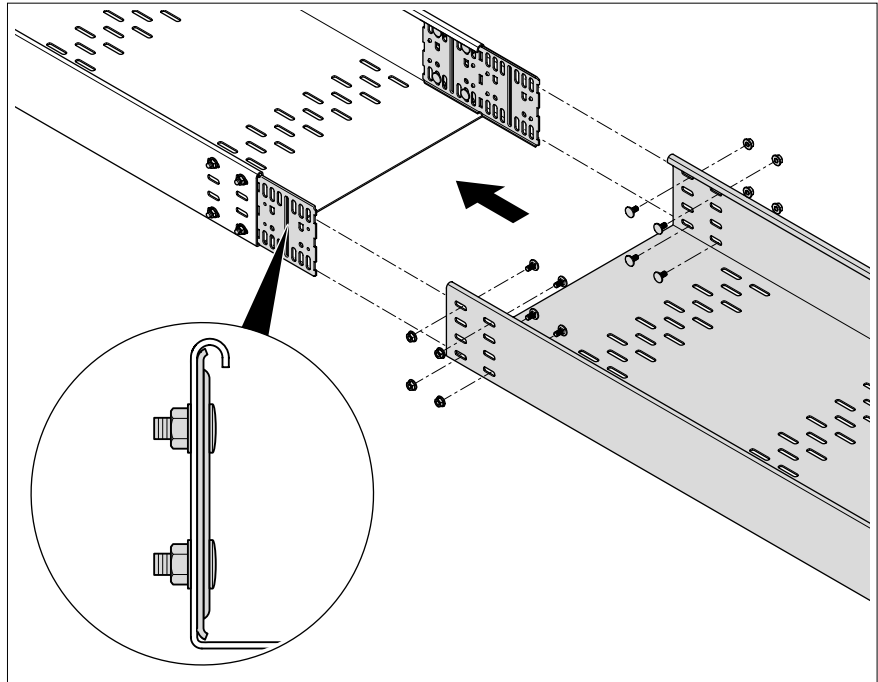


Fig. 4: Straight connection

1. If necessary, create fastening holes (4x $\varnothing 8$ mm) for the connectors on the side sections of the cable trays.
2. Screw two straight and angle connectors to the first cable tray.
3. Push the second cable tray over the straight and angle connectors of the first cable tray.
4. Screw the second cable tray to the straight and angle connectors.

4.3.2 Connecting cable trays as a corner

Note! With corner connections, the cable trays are mounted so that they overlap.

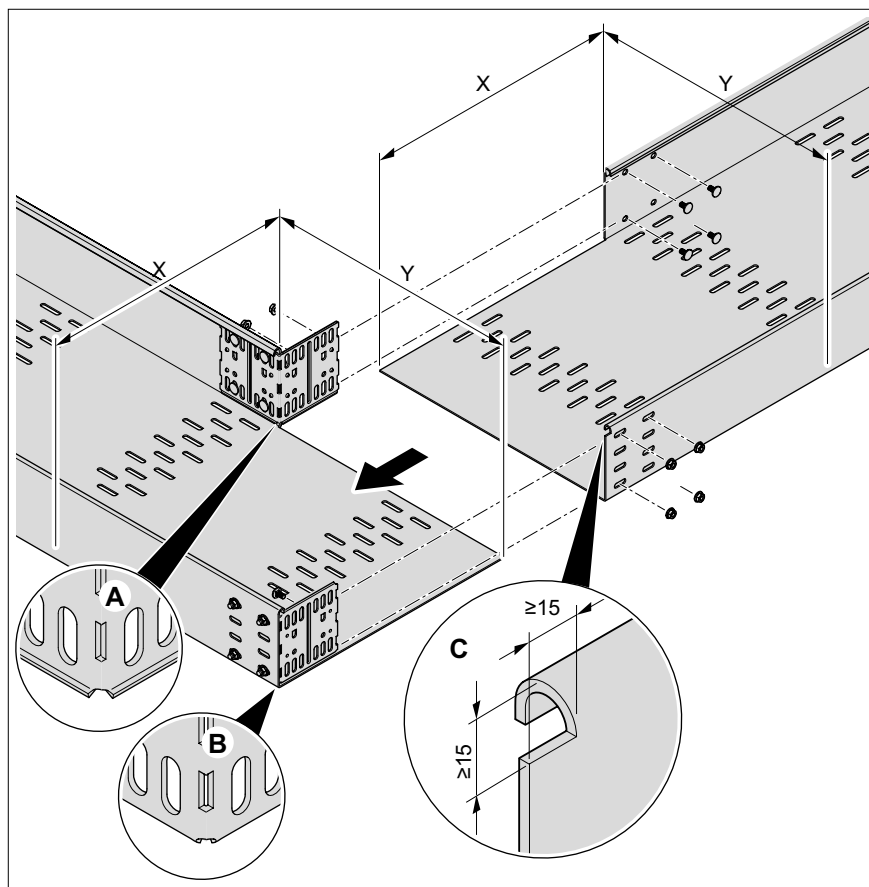


Fig. 5: Corner connection

1. Cut out the side parts of the cable trays by the dimensions x and y.
2. Notch out the corner (C).
3. Deburr cut edges to avoid cable damage.
4. If necessary, create fastening holes (4x $\varnothing 8$ mm) for the connectors on the side sections of the cable trays.
5. Bend the straight and angle connector in a 90° angle.

Note!

Straight and angle connector
 1x bent edge on the inside (B),
 1x bent edge on the outside (A).

6. Screw the angle connector to the first cable tray.
7. Push the second cable tray over the straight and angle connectors of the first cable tray.
8. Screw the straight and angle connector to the second cable tray.

4.3.3 Connecting cable trays as a cross-over

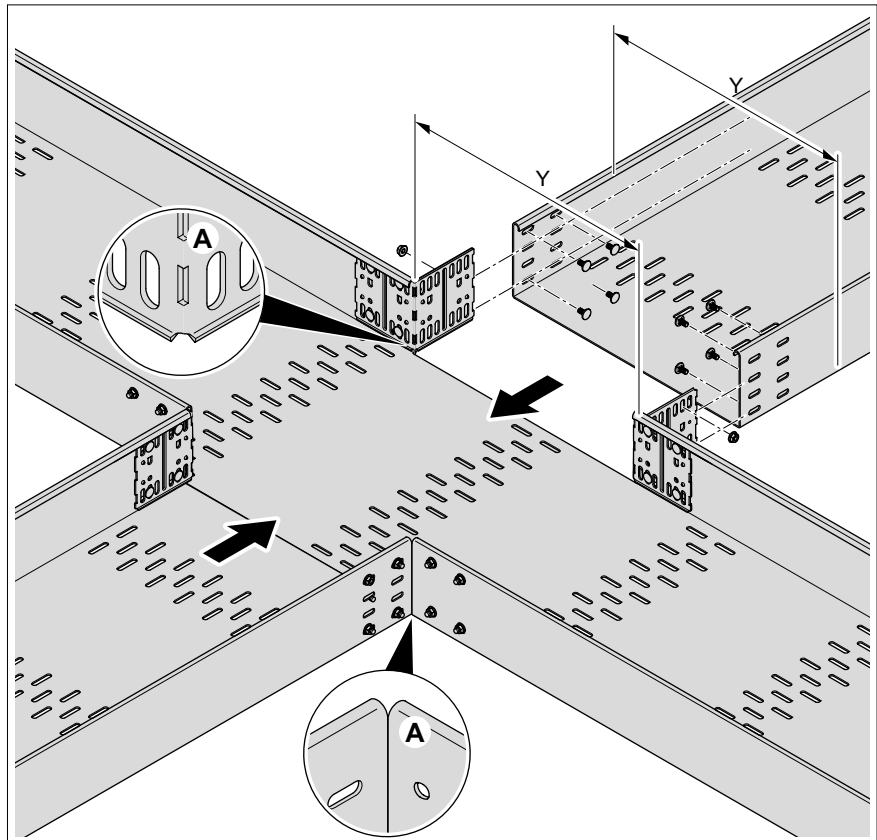


Fig. 6: Cross-connection

1. Cut out the side parts of the cable trays.
2. Deburr cut edges to avoid cable damage.
3. If necessary, create fastening holes (4x ø8 mm) for the connectors.
4. Bend the straight and angle connector in a 90° angle.

Note!

*Straight and angle connector:
Bent edge on the outside (A).*

5. Screw the angle connector to the first cable tray.
6. Push the second cable tray over the straight and angle connectors of the first cable tray.
7. Screw the straight and angle connector to the second cable tray.

4.3.4 Changing the cable tray width

If two cable trays with different widths are connected, then a straight and angle connector is replaced by a reducer/end closure.

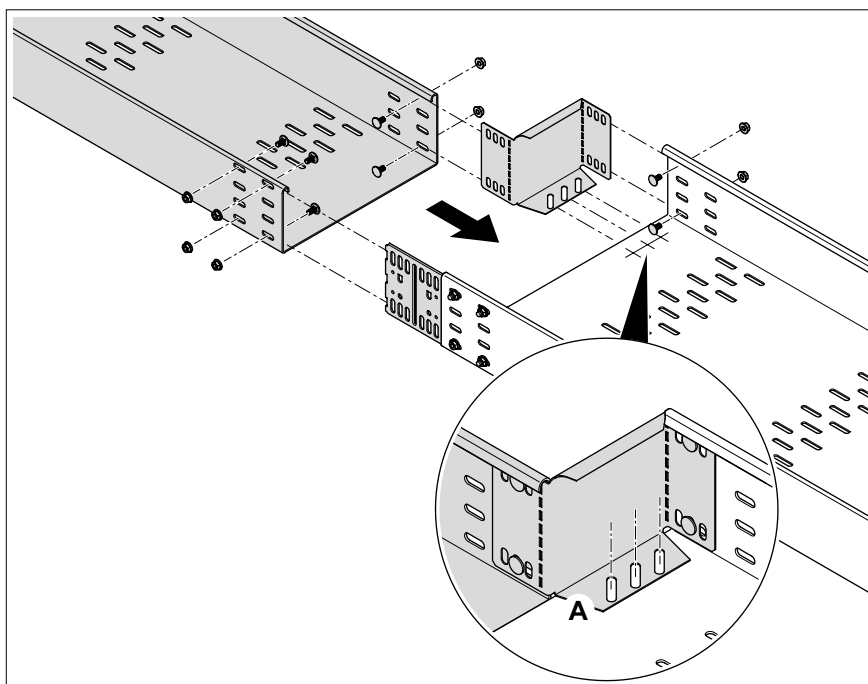


Fig. 7: Changing the cable tray width

1. Screw the first cable tray to the straight and angle connector on one side.
2. Bend the straps of the reducer/end closure through a 90° angle.

Note! *The lower flange (A) points into the cable tray during mounting.*

Note! *At widths above 150 mm, reducers/end closures for 110 mm cable trays have perforation in the lower flange, which can be used for screwing to the cable tray.*

3. Screw the reducer/end closure to the first cable tray.
4. Push the second cable tray over the straight and angle connector and the reducer/end closure of the first cable tray and screw it tight.
5. If necessary, screw the base of the cable tray to the lower flange of the reducer/end closure.

4.3.5 Closing the open ends of the cable trays

The open ends of the cable trays are closed with a reducer/end closure.

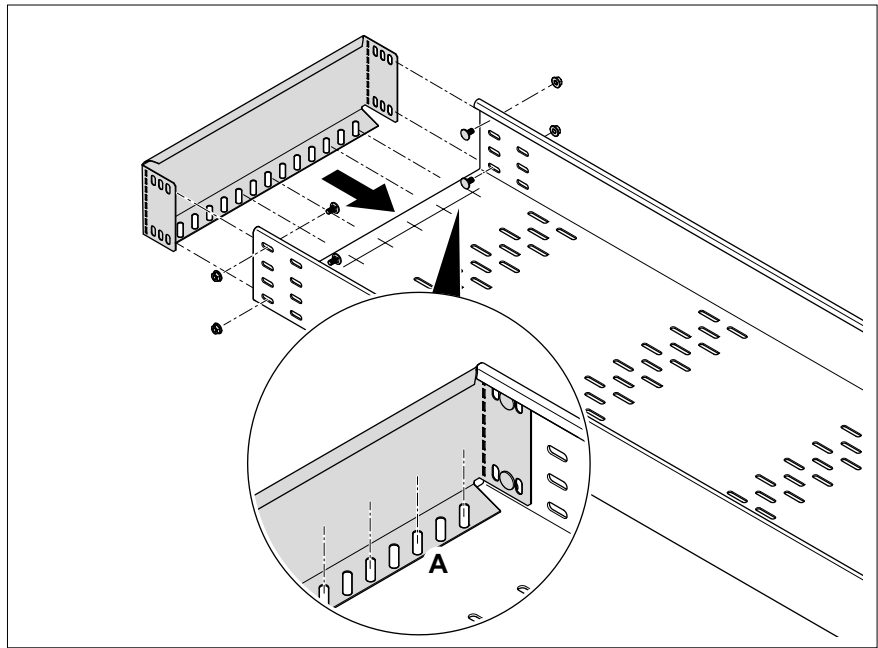


Fig. 8: Closure of open ends

1. If necessary, create fastening holes (2x $\varnothing 8$ mm on each side) for the connectors on the side sections of the cable trays.
2. Bend the straps of the reducer/end closure through a 90° angle.

Note!

The lower flange (A) points into the cable tray during mounting.

3. Push the reducer/end closure into the cable tray.
4. Screw the reducer/end closure to the cable tray.
5. If necessary, screw the base of the cable tray to the lower flange of the reducer/end closure.

4.4 Mounting Z-shaped barrier strips

In order to achieve the maximum permitted load, Z-shaped barrier strips must be placed in cable trays with a width > 200 mm. The distance between the barrier strips and the side wall or the next barrier strip may not exceed 220 mm.

The barrier strips can be shortened to any length.

Note! *The cable tray is divided asymmetrically by the barrier strips.*

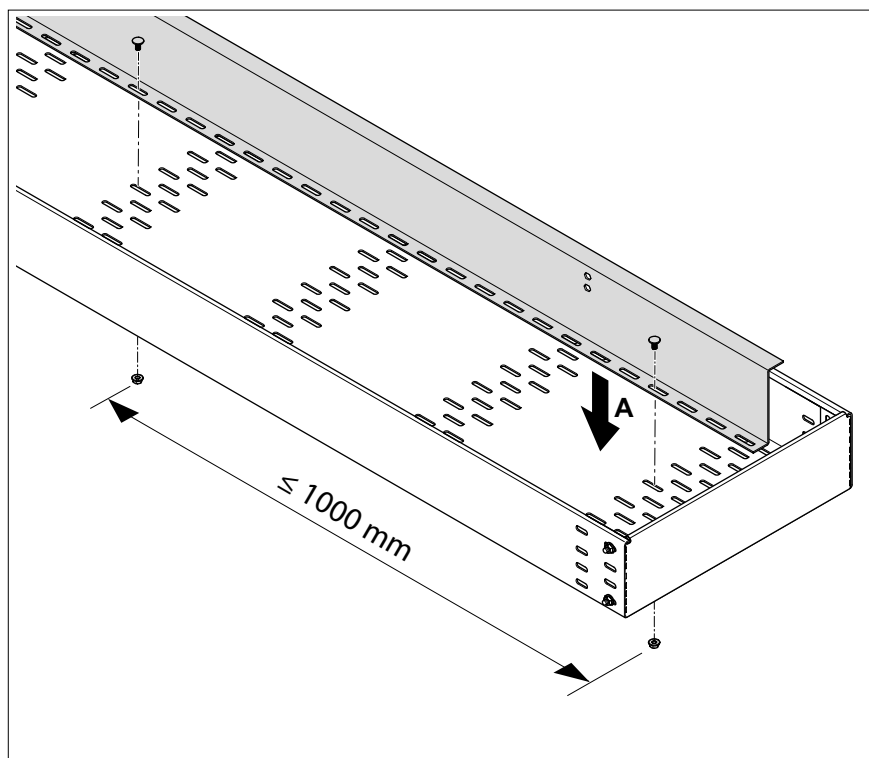


Fig. 9: Barrier strip mounting

1. If necessary, cut the barrier strips to size.
2. Screw on the barrier strips through the bottom perforation at the start of the cable tray (A) using truss-head screws and hexagonal nuts.
3. Screw on an additional truss-head screw with hexagonal nut at least every 1,000 mm (at least 3 per cable tray length).

4.5 Mounting protective panels

If the cable trays are mounted on support brackets, then the space between the cable trays can be closed off with protective panels.

The protective panels can be shortened to any length.

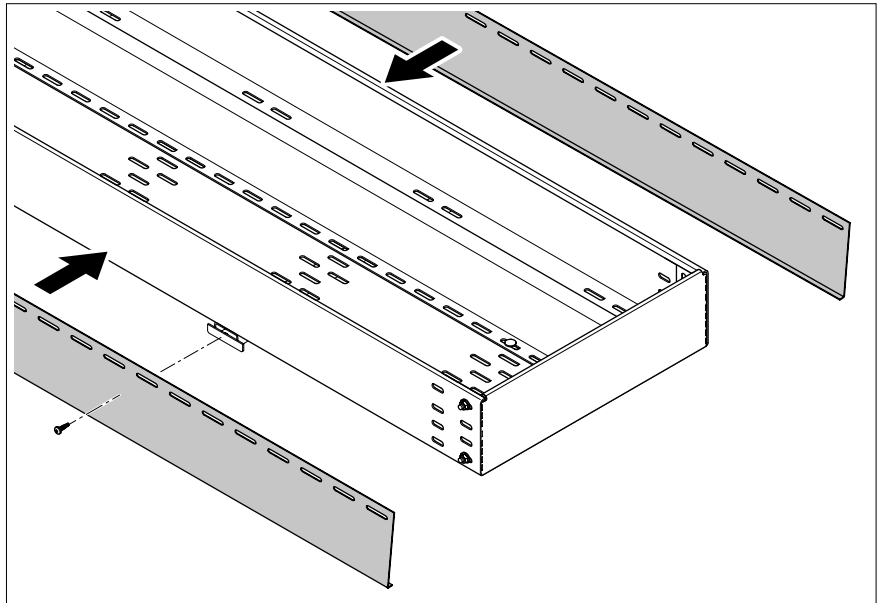


Fig. 10: Protective panel mounting

1. If necessary, cut the protective panels to size.
2. Push the drilling screws through the slots and screw them to the support bracket.

4.6 Creating protective equipotential bonding

Protective equipotential bonding is created with conductor cable and clamp springs. A connection terminal (single or double version) can be mounted to branch off the conductor cable. The clamp spring is clamped onto the edge of the cable tray and then the conductor cable is clamped into the support of the clamp spring. The connection terminal is screwed to the conductor cable if required, so that contact with the entire system is established via the clamp spring.



WARNING

Risk of electric shock!

Contact with electrical current can lead to an electric shock. Fatal or serious injuries are possible.

Work on the electrical system may only be performed by electrical specialists.

Note!

When mounting the system components, the clamping and screw connections automatically create continuous protective equipotential bonding of the entire walkable cable tray system. The system must be connected to the protective equipotential bonding of the overall system at least once. The clamp spring must be mounted to the cable tray at least every 1,500 mm.

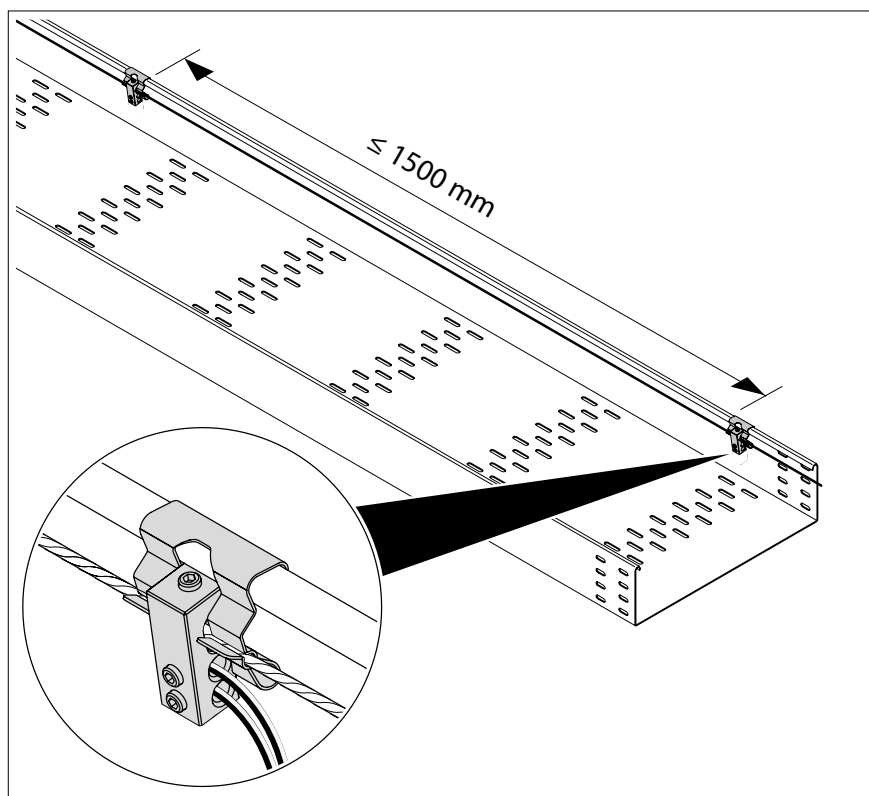


Fig. 11: Spacing of clamp springs with connection terminal

Protective equipotential bonding with connection terminal, single

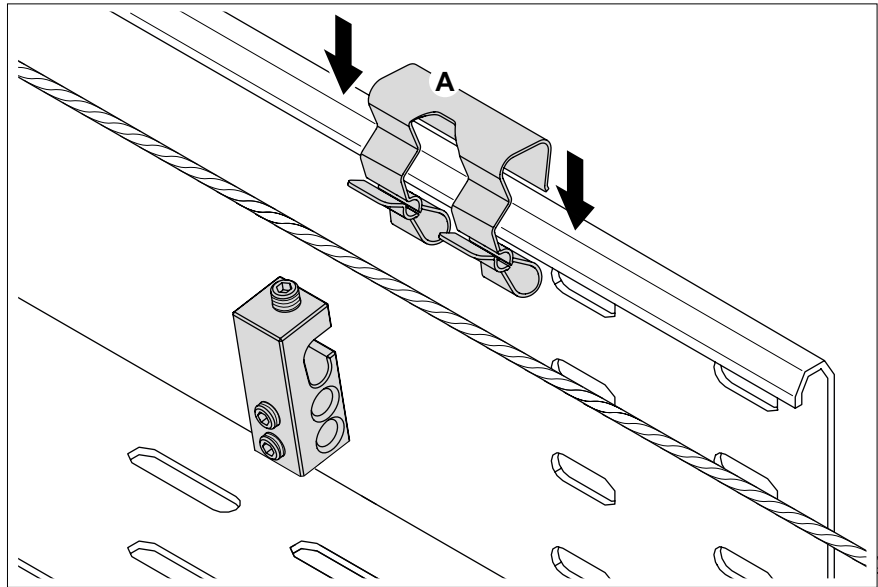


Fig. 12: Mounting the clamp spring

1. Clamp the clamp spring (A) to the edge of the cable tray.

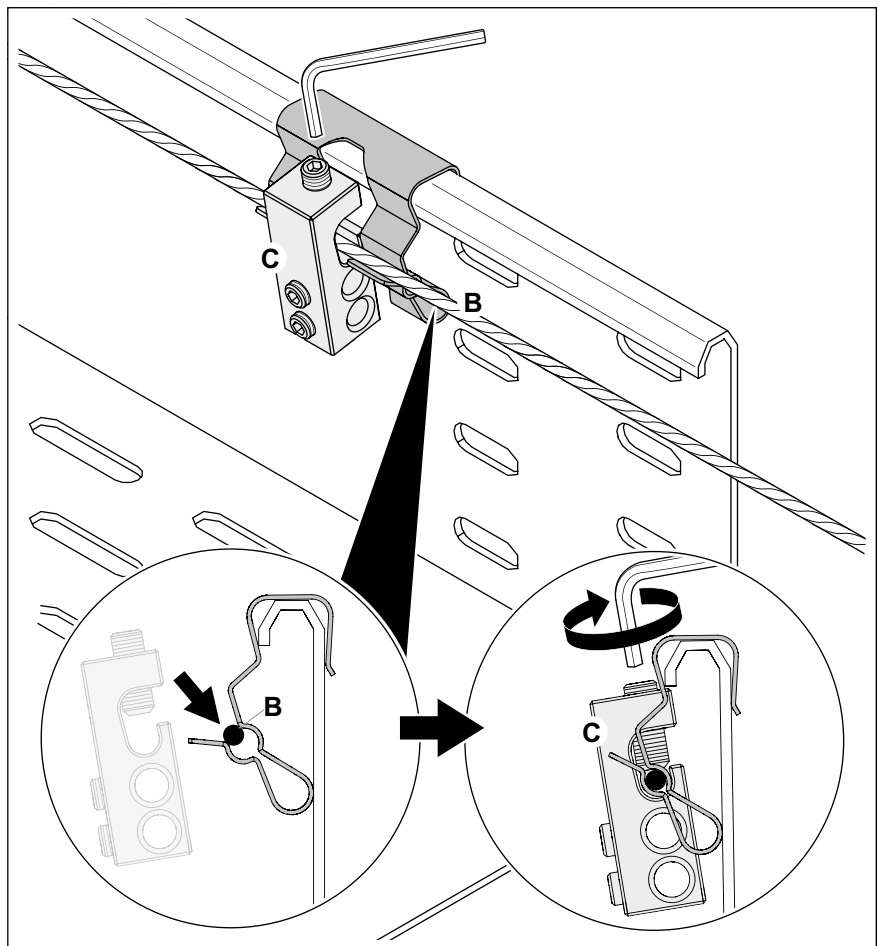


Fig. 13: Connection of clamp spring, conductor cable and connection terminal

2. Clamp the conductor cable (B) in the clamp spring.
3. If necessary, attach a connection terminal (C) to the conductor cable.
4. Screw in the connection terminal screw to make conductive contact.

Conductor cable branch with connection terminal, double

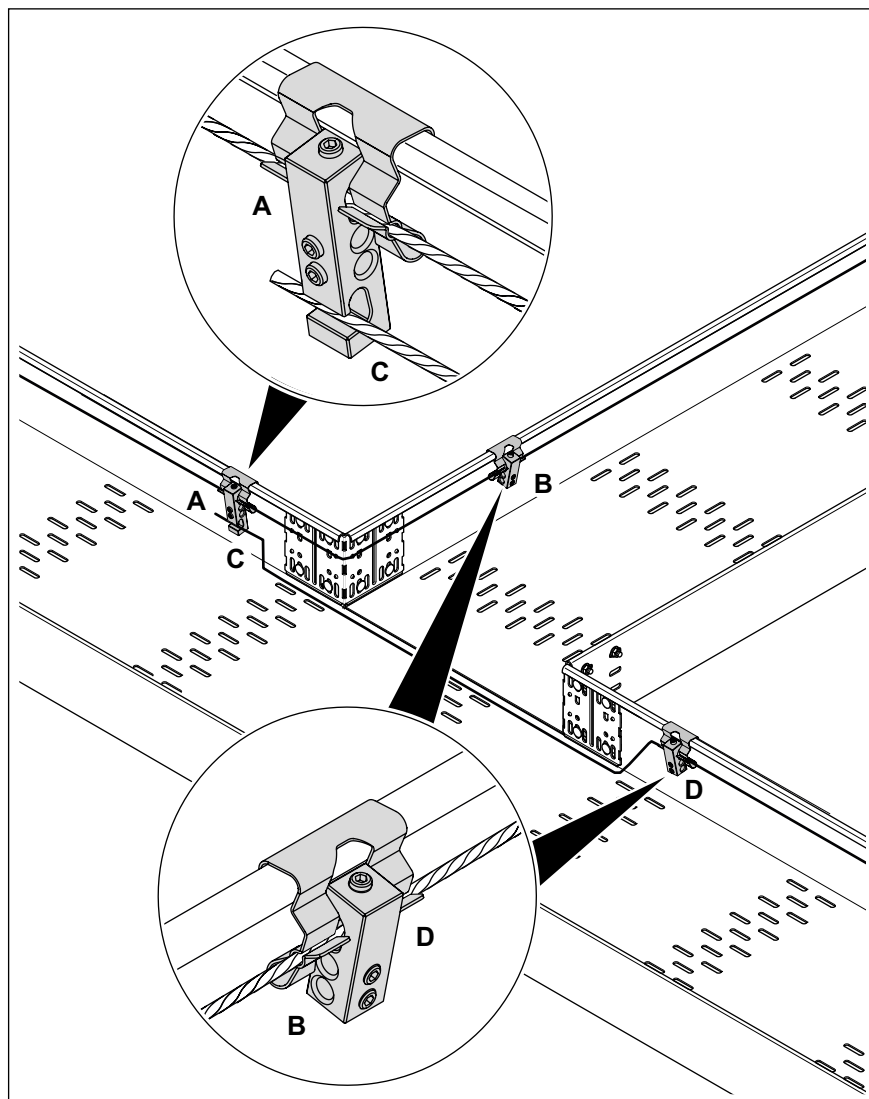


Fig. 14: Mounting a conductor cable branch

1. Attach the double connection terminal to the conductor cable (A).
2. Screw in the upper screw of the connection terminal to make conductive contact.
3. Branch off the conductor cable and mount with clamp spring and single connection terminal (B).
4. Mount the 2nd conductor cable in the lower contact of the double connection terminal (C).
5. Mount the 2nd conductor cable in another clamp spring and single connection terminal (D).

4.7 Mounting the cover

The covers can be shortened to any length.

The covers are always cut straight and not with a mitre.

The cover, type DF BKR, is mounted on the cable tray with the pre-mounted turn buckles.

The cover, type DBKR, is either mounted to the cable tray with cover clamps or turn buckles, which are inserted in the cover at a later time.

4.7.1 Mounting the cover support

In cross-over and corner areas, a cover support must be mounted instead of the missing barrier strip. This is always mounted in the centre of the cross-over or corner area.

There are two different fastening types for raised mounting on support brackets or for direct floor mounting.

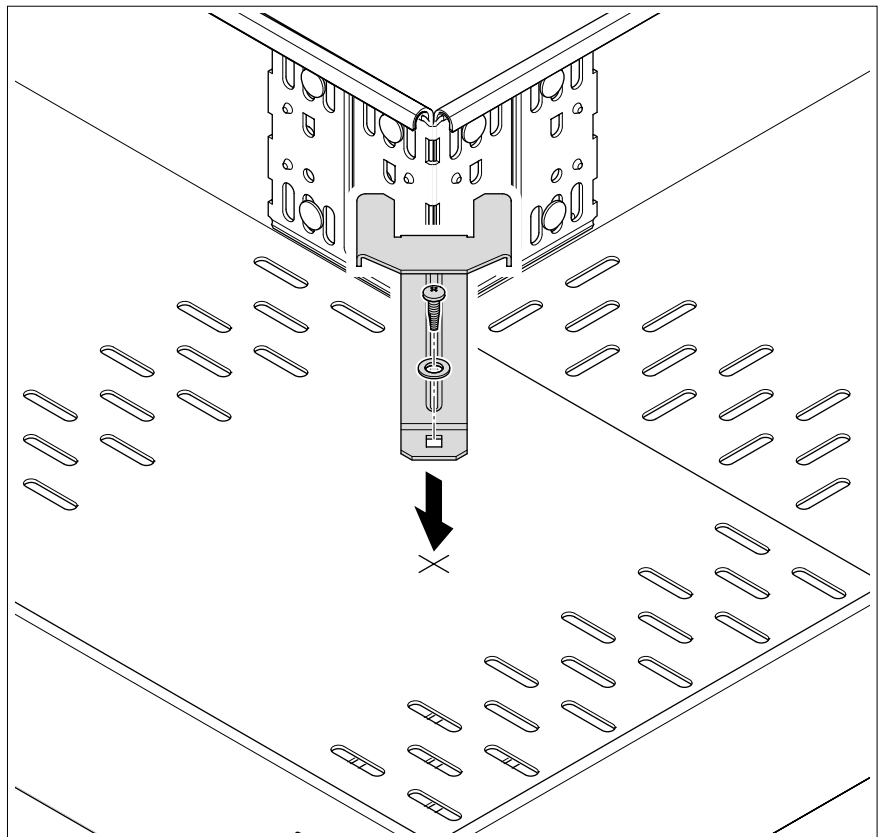


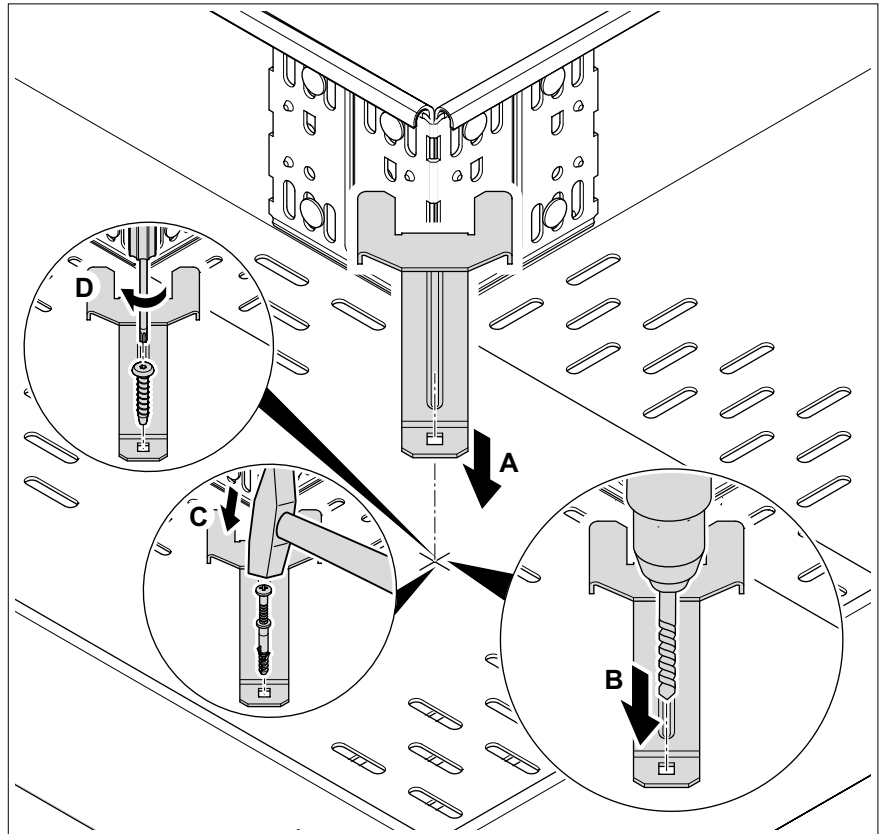
Fig. 15: Installation of cover support

For raised mounting:

1. Screw the cover support to the base of the cable tray with a drilling screw and washer.

Note!

If a bottom perforation is located in the cross-over area, then the cover support can alternatively be screwed on with a truss-head screw and hexagonal nut through the bottom perforation of the cable tray.

For direct floor mounting:**Fig. 16:** Direct floor mounting of the cover support

1. Attach the cover support at a suitable position (A).
2. Drill a hole for the knock-in anchor $\varnothing 6$ mm or bolt tie $\varnothing 6$ mm through the cable tray (B).
3. Knock the knock-in anchor in using a hammer (C) and screw the cover support tight through the base of the cable tray.
4. Alternatively: Turn in the bolt tie (D) and screw the cover support tight through the base of the cable tray.

4.7.2 Mounting the cover with cover clamps

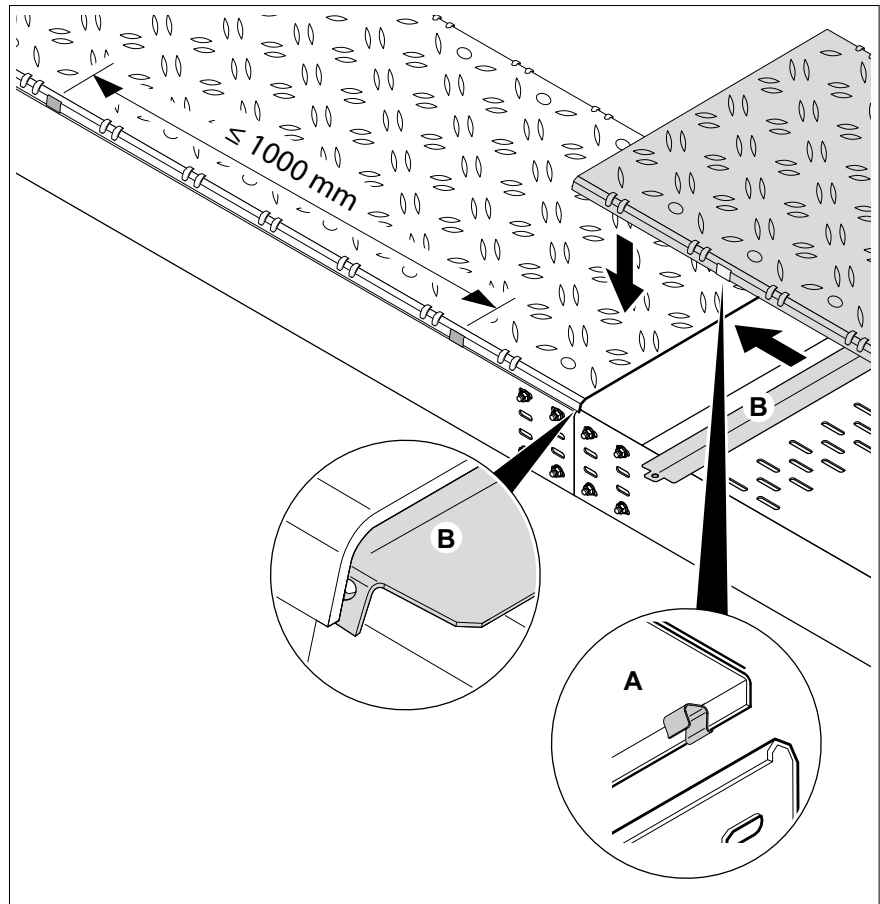


Fig. 17: Mounting the cover, type DBKR, with cover clamps

1. Fasten the cover clamp at the start of the cover (A).
2. Fasten an additional cover clamp at least every 1,000 mm (at least 3 supports per cover side).
3. Fasten the cover to the cable tray with cover clamps.
4. Push the dust protection element up to halfway under the cover butt (B).
5. Fasten the next cover to the cable tray with cover clamps.

4.7.3 Mounting the cover with turn buckles

Mounting the turn buckle, type DRL H S A2

The turn buckle, type DRL H S A2, is screwed to the cover of type DBKR.

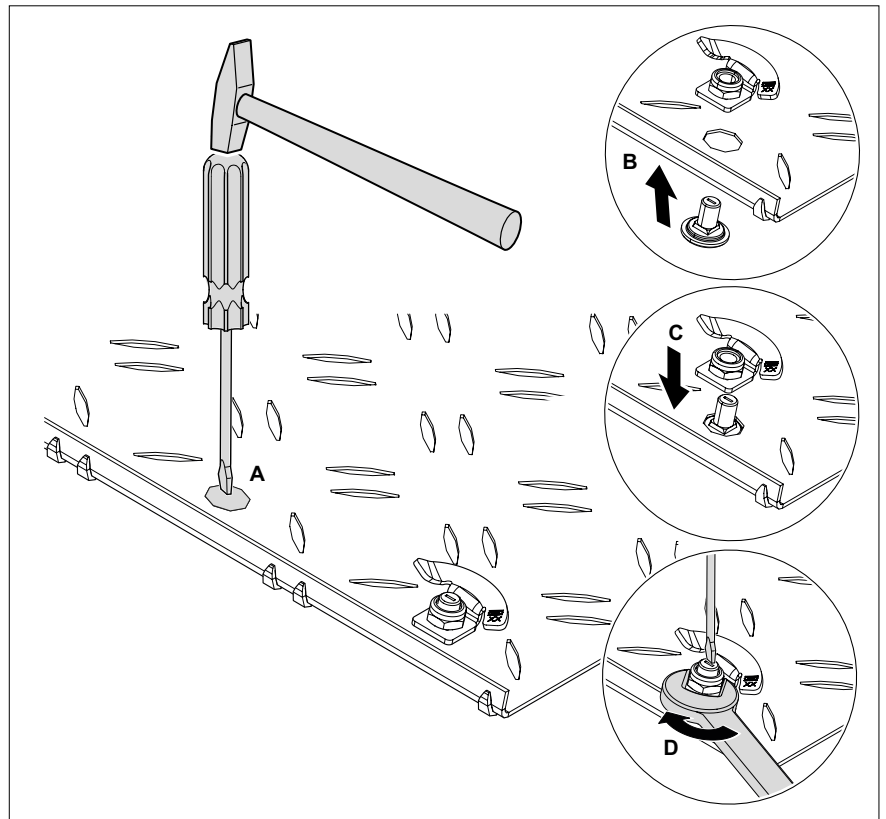


Fig. 18: Mounting the turn buckle, type DRL H A2

1. Knock out the break-out opening on the cover (A).
2. Insert the turn buckle button to the top side of the cover (B).
3. From below, place the helical shape against the turn buckle button (C).
4. Lock the nut on the helical shape (D).
5. Mount an additional turn buckle at least every 900–1,000 mm (at least 3 supports per tray side).

Mounting the turn buckle, type DRL H FT

The turn buckle, type DRL H FT, is caulked to the cover of type DBKR.

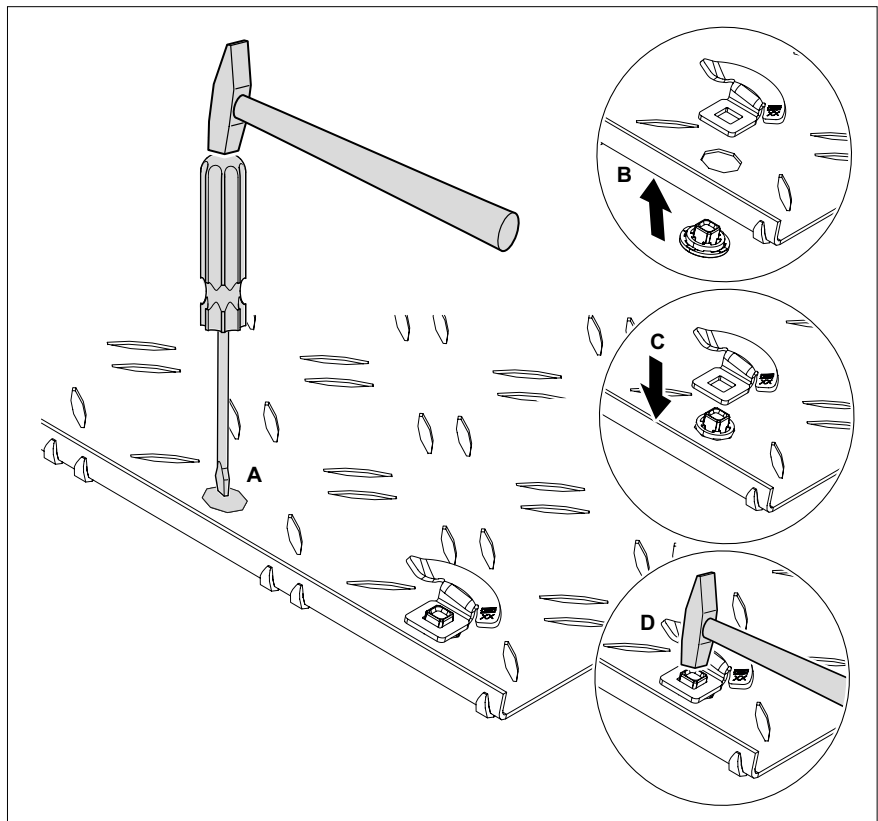


Fig. 19: Mounting the turn buckle, type DRL H FT

1. Knock out the break-out opening on the cover (A).
2. Insert the turn buckle button to the top side of the cover (B).
3. From below, place the helical shape against the turn buckle button (C).
4. Caulk the helical shape with the turn buckle button (D).
5. Mount an additional turn buckle at least every 900–1,000 mm (at least 3 supports per tray side).

Mounting the cover with turn buckle

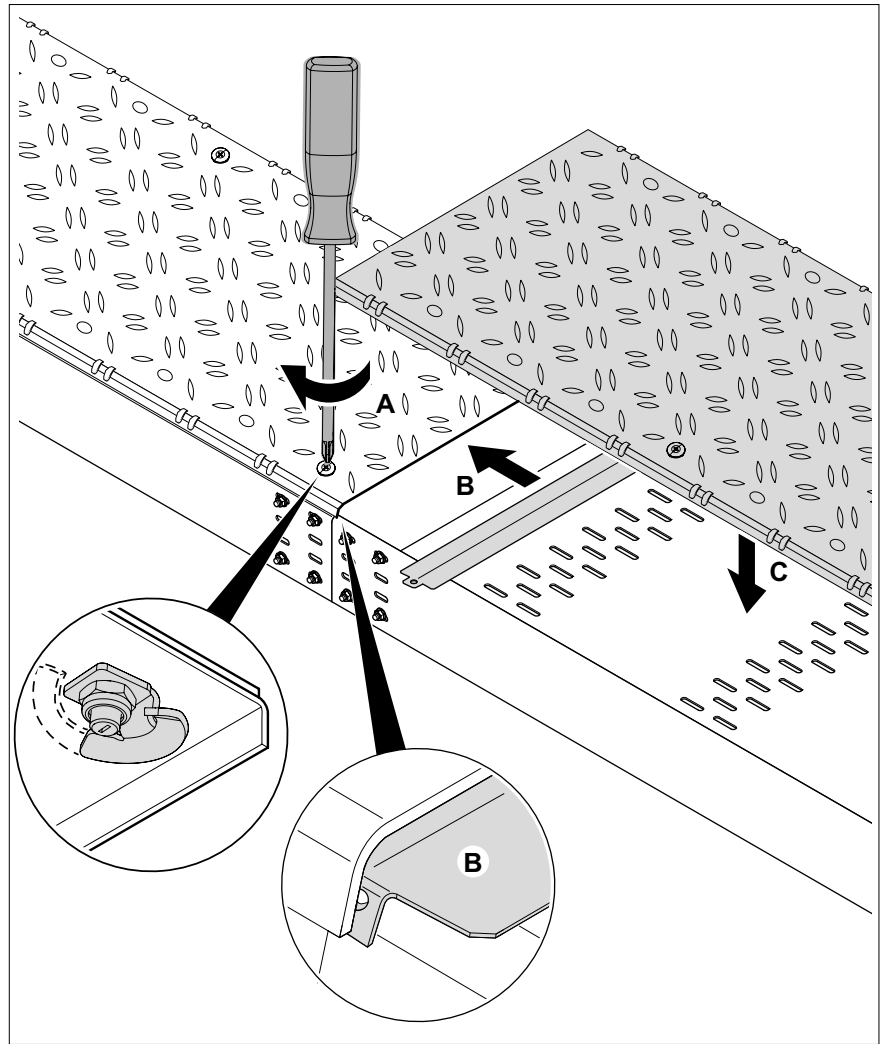


Fig. 20: Mounting of cover type DBKR with turn buckle

1. Attach the first cover.
2. Fasten the turn buckle of the cover to the cable tray (A).
3. Push the dust protection element up to halfway under the cover butt (B).
4. Fasten the next cover to the cable tray with turn buckles (C).

4.7.4 Mounting the cover on a corner connector

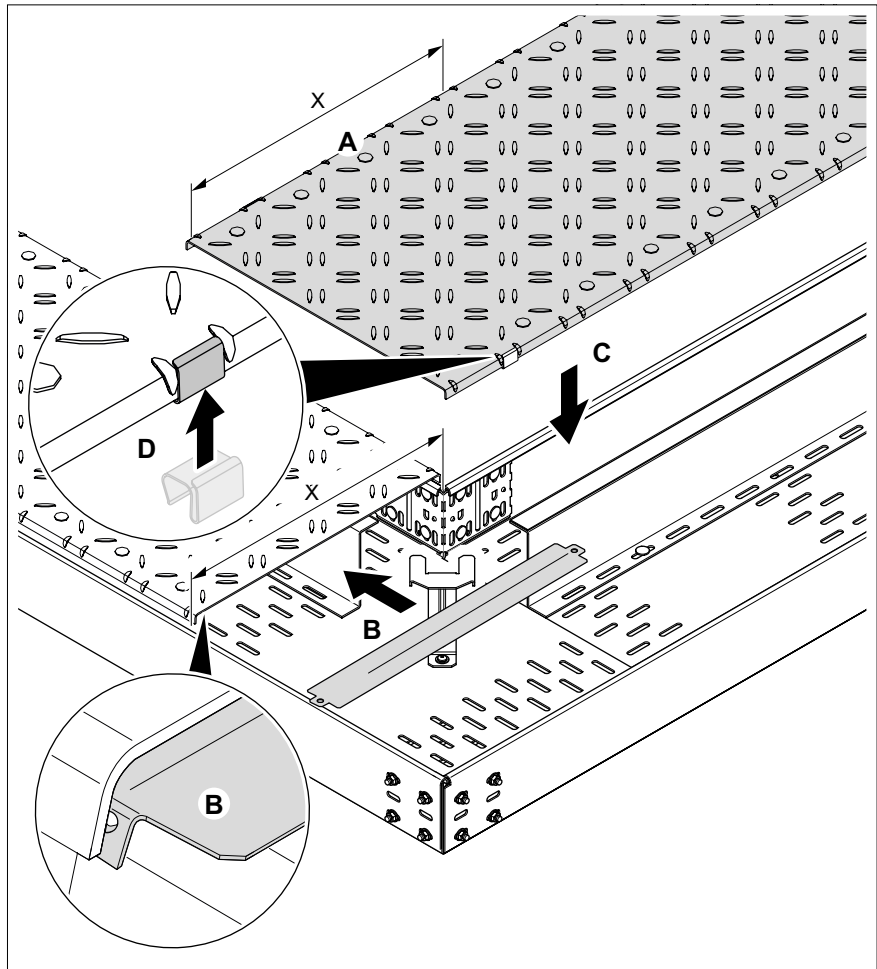


Fig. 21: Mounting the cover on a corner connection

1. If necessary, cut the cover to size.
2. Notch out the joint edge of the cover along length x (A).
3. Push the dust protection element up to halfway under the cover butt (B).
4. Attach the cover (C).
5. Fasten the cover to the cable tray with cover clamps (D) or turn buckles.

4.7.5 Mounting the cover on a cross-connector

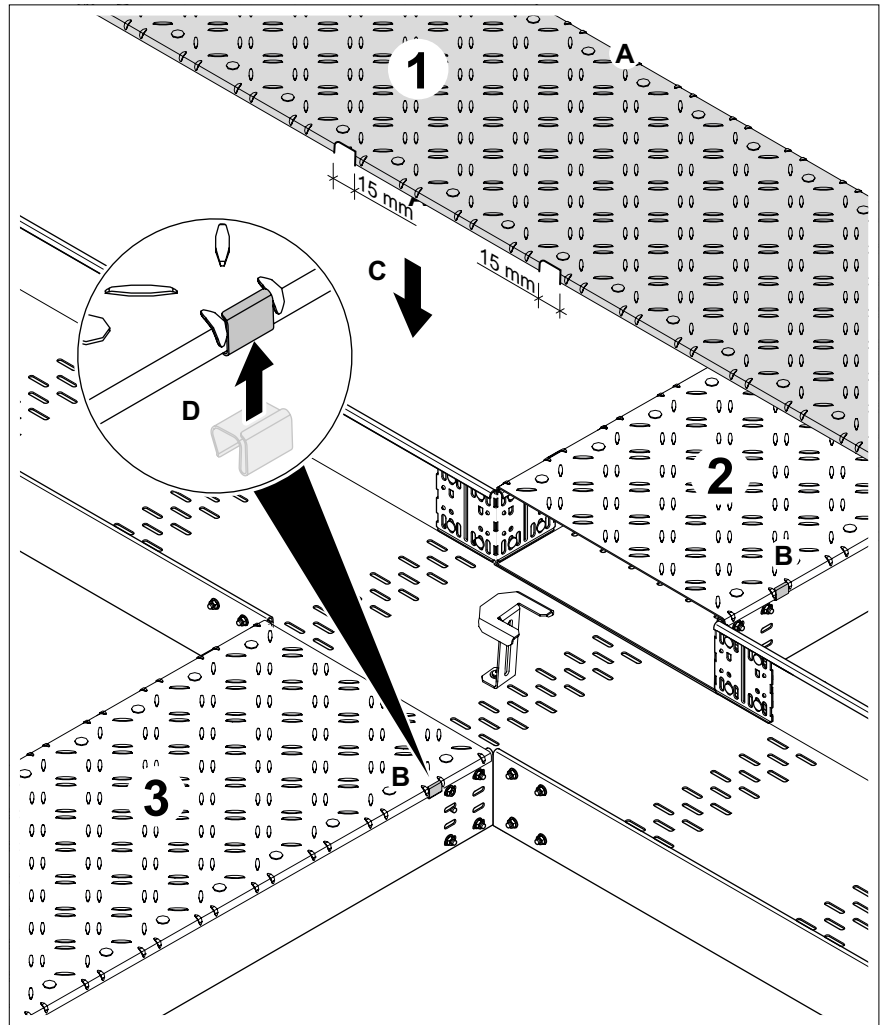


Fig. 22: Mounting the cover on a cross-connection

1. If necessary, cut the cover to size.
2. In order to be able to position cover 1 on the upper edges of the cable tray that are at right angles to each other, cut out 15 mm from both sides of cover 1 in the joint area (A).
3. Deburr cut edges to avoid cable damage.
4. Fasten covers 2 and 3 to the cable tray with cover clamps (B) or turn buckles.
5. Attach the cover 1 (C).
6. Fasten cover 1 to the cable tray with cover clamps (D) or turn buckles.

5 Maintenance

The stability and function of the BKRS walkable cable tray systems can be impaired by external influences, such as damage or machine vibrations.

Loose connection elements must be retightened and damaged parts replaced. In addition, we recommend regular checks to see if the connection to the overall equipotential bonding is still intact.

6 Dismantling

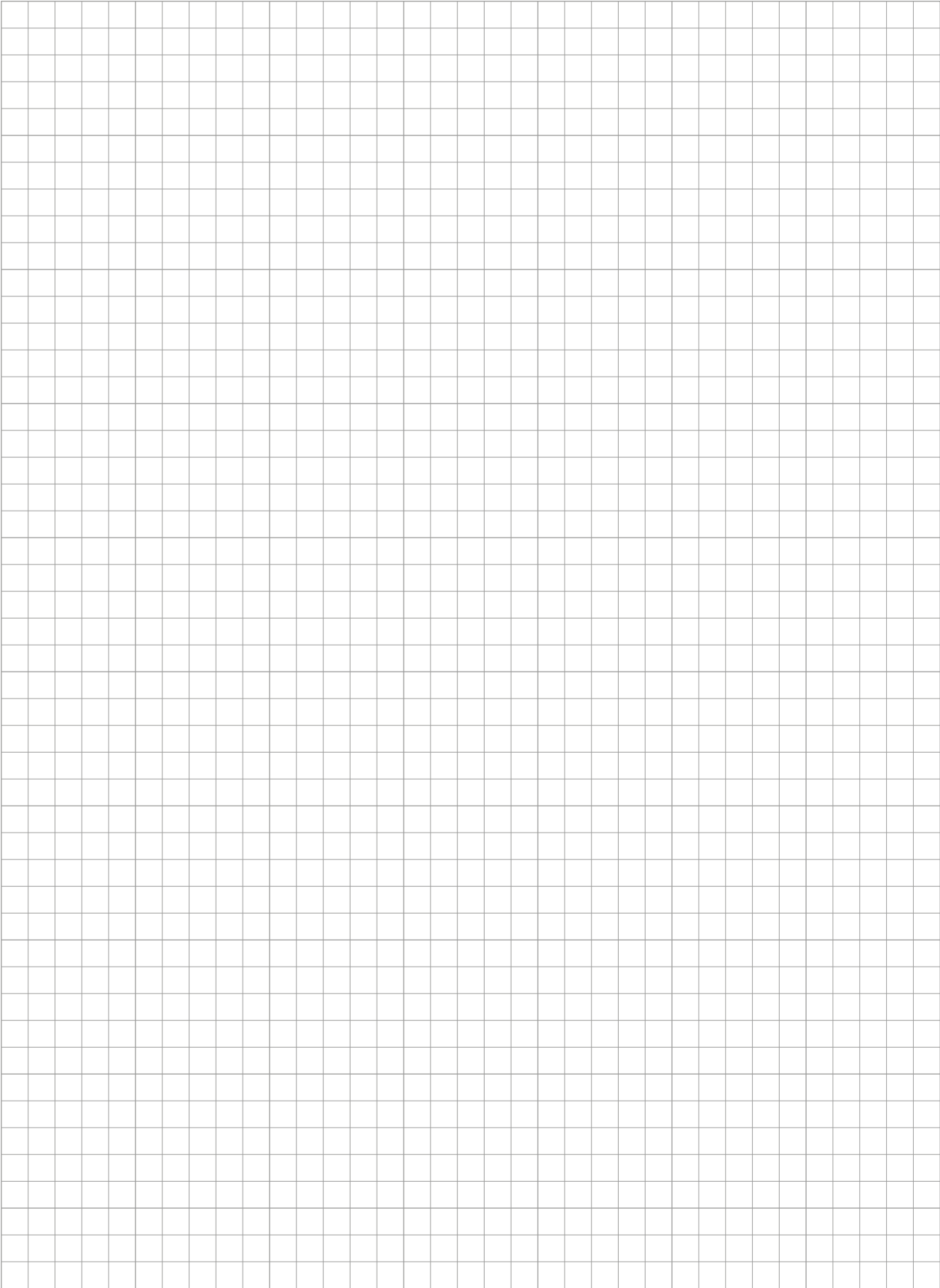
The BKRS walkable cable tray system is dismantled in the reverse order to mounting.

7 Disposal

1. Residual metal: As scrap metal
2. Packaging: As household waste

Comply with the local waste disposal regulations.

Own notes



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